

## **Urgent Field Safety Notice**

December 2017

<u>Subject</u>: Technical programming information – Left Ventricular (LV) Offset interaction on Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy pacemakers (CRT-Ps) and defibrillators (CRT-Ds)

Reference: 92179817-FA

Product name	Models
VALITUDE™ CRT-P	U125, U128
RESONATE™ CRT-D	G424, G425, G426, G428, G437, G447, G448, G524, G525, G526, G528, G537, G547, G548
MOMENTUM™ CRT-D	G124, G125, G126, G128, G138
AUTOGEN™ CRT-D	G172, G173, G175, G177, G179
INOGEN™ CRT-D	G140, G141, G146, G148
VISIONIST™ CRT-P	U225, U226, U228
VIGILANT™ CRT-D	G224, G225, G228, G237, G247, G248
CHARISMA™ CRT-D	G324, G325, G328, G337, G347, G348
DYNAGEN™ CRT-D	G150, G151, G156, G158
ORIGEN™ CRT-D	G050, G051, G056, G058

#### Dear Doctor,

This letter includes important programming information to prevent an unintended asynchronous biventricular (BiV) pacing behavior when tracking elevated atrial intrinsic rhythms in certain Boston Scientific Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy (CRT) pacemakers (CRT-Ps) and defibrillators (CRT-Ds). Repeated detection of this unintended asynchronous BiV pacing behavior may result in the implanted device reverting to a permanent Safety Mode (Safety Core<sup>TM</sup>) status thus requiring early replacement. The unintended asynchronous BiV pacing behavior can only occur when an infrequent combination of parameters are programmed, specifically:

- Left Ventricular (LV) Offset programmed to a positive value which exceeds the Atrial Blank after Ventricular Pace (A-Blank after V-Pace) interval; and
- Tracking Preference = ON (nominal).

Until software is available to prevent programming of a susceptible combination of parameters, the enclosed programming recommendations eliminate the risks associated with early device replacement due to this device behavior. CRT devices more commonly programmed to simultaneous BiV pacing (LV Offset = zero) or sequential BiV where LV precedes RV (negative LV Offset value) are not subject to the risks described in this letter.

Boston Scientific CRT-Ps and CRT-Ds are supported by different programmer software applications. The software update for CRT-Ps is in development. We anticipate submitting the CRT-P software update to Regulatory Agencies in March 2018 and pending approval, releasing in October 2018. Subsequently, development of CRT-D software will begin which we anticipate submitting in August 2018 and pending approval, releasing in March 2019.

#### **Description and Clinical Implications**

Appendix A describes the parameters and interactions necessary to result in early replacement of a CRT device due to this device behavior.

<sup>1</sup>Positive LV Offset facilitates sequential BiV pacing where the right ventricular pacing pulse precedes the left ventricular pacing pulse by a programmed value in milliseconds.



#### **Observed Rate**

Of the 60,500 CRT devices distributed worldwide, Boston Scientific estimates approximately 300 CRT devices are programmed with the combination of parameters which may lead to this device behavior. There have been two confirmed instances of early device replacement due to this device behavior (0.7%). Of the two cases, a single patient death occurred due to complications related to the replacement procedure.

#### **Recommendations**

To eliminate the risk associated with early replacement due to this unintended asynchronous BiV pacing behavior, perform the following steps:

- 1. Review programming records of patients implanted with the CRT devices included in Appendix B.
- 2. If the LV Offset parameter is programmed to Zero or a Negative value, the device is not at risk of this behavior.
- 3. If the LV Offset parameter is programmed to a Positive value, determine if the following conditions are met:
  - A. The positive LV Offset value exceeds the A-Blank after V-Pace interval, where "Smart" blanking is equivalent to a value of 37.5 ms; and
  - B. Tracking Preference programmed to ON
- 4. For patients whose device has a positive LV Offset value exceeding A-Blank after V-Pace value and Tracking Preference is programmed to ON, schedule a clinic appointment to reprogram the CRT device as follows according to the patient's individual medical needs:
  - A. Either program the CRT device such that the A-Blank after V-Pace value is greater than the positive LV Offset value; or
  - B. Disable Tracking Preference by programming it to a value of "OFF".
- 5. Devices with an A-Blank after V-Pace value exceeding the positive LV Offset value are not affected and are not at risk of this behavior.
- 6. Patients whose device has Tracking Preference programmed OFF are not affected and are not at risk of this behavior.

If a positive LV Offset is desired for a newly implanted Boston Scientific CRT device, consider the patient's individual medical needs and either program the A-Blank after V-Pace value greater than the positive LV Offset value, or disable Tracking Preference by programming it to a value of "OFF".

Appendix B includes a recommendations flow chart, potentially affected device list, and a sample device settings report. Note that U.S. configurations of these device models are not affected by the risks of early device replacement due to this behavior, as positive LV offset values are not available. Appendix C includes programmer screenshots to support programming recommendations.

#### **Additional Information**

Please pass this notice to any healthcare professional from your organization that needs to be aware and to any organization where the potentially affected devices have been transferred (If appropriate).

Boston Scientific recognizes the impact of communications on both you and your patients, and wants to reassure you that patient safety remains our highest priority. If you have additional questions regarding this information or would like to report clinical events, please contact your Boston Scientific representative or Technical Services.

Sincerely,

Renold Russie

Vice President, Quality Assurance

# Appendix A: Description of parameters involved in the December 2017 LV Offset product advisory

#### **Description of Parameters**

The combination of programmable and non-programmable parameters involved in the unintended asynchronous BiV device behavior is described below. Additional detail on these parameters is included within the product manuals, available online at www.BostonScientific-eLabeling.com.

<u>Tracking Preference</u> is designed to reestablish atrial tracking at sub-MTR rates by shortening PVARP temporarily when an atrial event is sensed in PVARP for two successive cardiac cycles. Tracking Preference is nominally enabled "ON" in CRT devices and is rarely changed. CRT devices programmed with Tracking Preference programmed "OFF" are not subject to the risks described in this product advisory.

<u>LV Offset</u> allows adjustment to the pacing interval between delivery of the LV and RV pacing pulse. LV Offset is nominally programmed to zero or simultaneous BiV pacing. Studies suggest sequential BiV pacing may reduce mechanical dyssynchrony due to longitudinal contraction delays between ventricles and may improve ejection fraction<sup>2</sup>. A positive LV Offset value produces RV pacing before LV pacing (programmable up to 100 ms). Because of the nominal setting and prevalence of left bundle branch blocks in the cardiac conduction system of CRT indicated heart failure patients, LV Offset values are more frequently programmed to zero or negative values. CRT devices programmed with a zero or negative LV Offset value are not subject to the risks described in this product advisory.

A-Blank after V-Pace is designed to promote the appropriate sensing of intrinsic atrial cardiac events and prevent oversensing of cross-chamber events following either an RV or LV pace. Typically, blanking parameters are a programmable interval. Smart blanking is a programmable value when automatic gain control sensing is configured in the device. Smart blanking employs a combination of a 37.5 ms blanking period and elevation of the automatic gain control sensing threshold. The nominal value for CRT-Ds is Smart blanking and the nominal value for CRT-Ps is 125 ms. CRT devices programmed with A-Blank after V-Pace value greater than a positive LV Offset value are not subject to the risks described in this product advisory.

<u>Safety Core™</u> (<u>Safety Mode</u>) is intended to provide life-sustaining therapy if certain non-recoverable or repeat fault conditions occur and cause a system reset. If the CRT device experiences three resets in 48 hours, the device reverts to Safety Mode operation permanently and should be replaced.

#### **Description of Clinical Implications**

To provoke this CRT device behavior, the intrinsic atrial rate must be elevated sufficiently to engage Tracking Preference whereby PVARP is shortened. While Tracked Preference is active, if the positive LV Offset value is greater than A-Blank after V-Pace and an atrial event is sensed after an RV pace but before the positive offset LV pace, a second LV pace will be scheduled and thus the timing of RV and LV pacing will not be properly synchronized as intended. The asynchronous LV pacing is detected as intended by Safety Architecture's pacing monitor causing a fault and subsequent device reset. If this sequence of events repeats two more times (a total of 3 device resets) within 48 hours, the device reverts permanently to Safety Core and the device should be replaced.

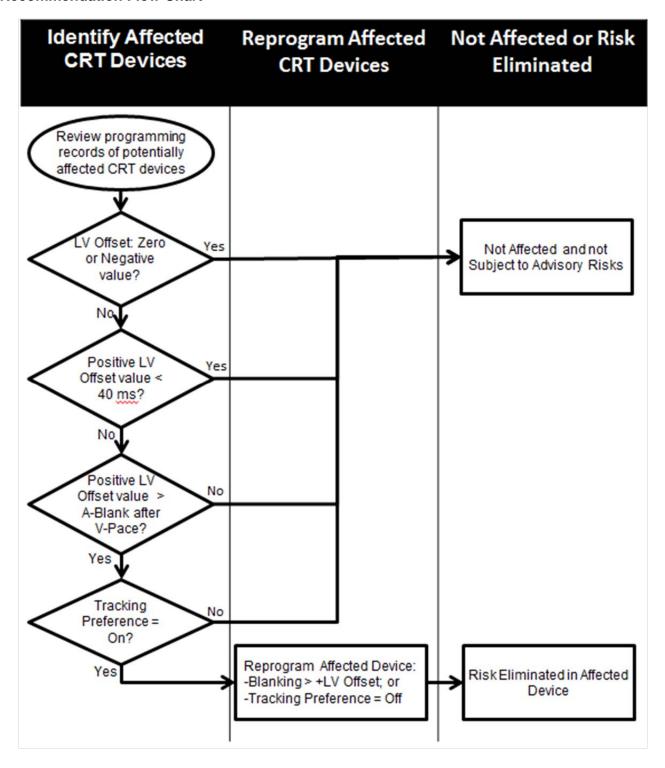
While dyssynchrony between RV and LV pacing may occur with any Boston Scientific CRT programmed in the manner described in this letter, the pacing monitor in previous generation CRT devices<sup>3</sup> was not designed to detect asynchronous RV and LV pacing and thus will not provoke a Safety Core response.

³COGNIS™, INCEPTA™, ENERGEN™, and PUNCTUA™ CRT-Ds and INVIVE™ and INTUA™ CRT-Ps.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Soggard P, Egeblad H., et al. Sequential vs. simultaneous biventricular resynchronization for severe heart failure. Circulation, 2002;106:2078-2084.

#### **Recommendation Flow Chart**



# Appendix B: Recommendation Flow Chart, Potentially Affected Device List, and Sample Device Settings Reports for the December 2017 LV Offset product advisory

#### **Potentially Affected CRT Devices**

Cardiac CRT-Ps and CRT-Ds programmed with a zero or negative LV Offset value are not susceptible to the risks described in this letter. Only devices listed below with Tracking Preference and a positive LV Offset value exceeding the A-Blank after V-Pace interval are affected and thus subject to the risks described in this letter.

VALITUDE™ CRT-P Models U125 and U128	VISIONIST™ CRT-P Models U225, U226, and U228			
RESONATE™ CRT-D Models G424, G425, G426, G428, G437, G447, G448, G524, G525, G526, G528, G537, G547, G548	VIGILANT™ CRT-D Models G224, G225 , G228, G237, G247, G248			
MOMENTUM™ CRT-D Models G124, G125, G126, G128, G138	CHARISMA™ CRT-D Models G324, G325, G328, G337, G347, G348			
AUTOGEN™ CRT-D Models G172, G173, G175, G177, G179	DYNAGEN™ CRT-D Models G150, G151, G156, G158			
INOGEN™ CRT-D Models G140, G141, G146, G148	ORIGEN™ CRT-D Models G050, G051, G056, G058			
U.S. configurations of these device models limit LV Offset values between -100 ms and 0 ms and are not affected by the risks of early device replacement due to this unintended asynchronous BiV pacing behavior.				

#### **Sample Device Settings Reports**

The programmable parameters appear differently for devices with and without LV Multisite Pacing (LV MSP). If the "Mode" is programmed to a non-tracking pacing mode (e.g. DDI, VVI, etc.), Tracking Preference will neither be available as a programmable parameter nor will it be displayed on the Settings Report. Devices with Tracking Preference disabled are not affected and not subject to the risks described in this letter.

Report for devices without LV MSP

ormal Settings			
Mode	DDD 45 ppm 130 ppm	Output	3.5 V @ 0.4 m 3.5 V @ 0.4 m
Lower Rate Limit		ΦÁ ■RV	
Maximum Tracking Rate			
Paced AV Delay	180 - 180 ms	<b>◆</b> LV	3.5 V @ 0.4 m
Sensed AV Delay	120 - 120 ms	Sensitivity	
A-Refractory (PVARP)	240 - 280 ms	ΦA	AGC 0.25 m
RV-Refractory (RVRP)	230 - 250 ms	■RV	AGC 0.6 m
LV-Refractory (LVRP)	250 ms	<b>♦LV</b>	AGC 1.0 m
Ventricular Pacing Chamber	BiV	Leads	
LV Offset	40 ms	●A	
PVARP alter PVC	400 ms	Pace	Bipolar
LV Protection Period	400 ms	Sense	Bipolar
Blanking		■RV	
A-Blank after V-Pace	Smart ms	Pace	Bipolar
A-DIATIK AITEL KV-SETISE	Smartins	Sense	Bipolar
RV-Blank after A-Pace	65 ms	<b>♦LV</b>	
LV-Blank after A-Pace	Smart ms	Electrode Configuration	Quadripolar
Noise Response	DOO	Pace	LVTip1>>RV
Rate Enhancements		Sense	LVTip1>>LVRing2
Rate Smoothing		Rate Adaptive Pacing	
Up	Off %	Minute Ventilation	Passive
Down	Off %	Accelerometer	Passive
Rate Hysteresis			
Hysteresis Offset	Maa ffO		
Tracking Preference	On		

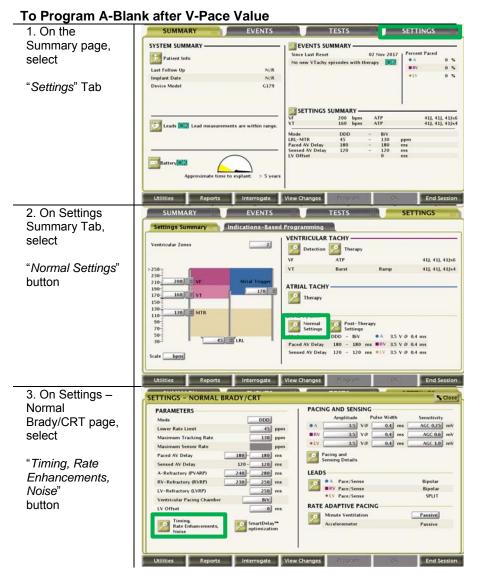
# **Appendix B: Recommendation Flow Chart, Potentially Affected Device List, and Sample Device Settings Reports for the December 2017 LV Offset product advisory**

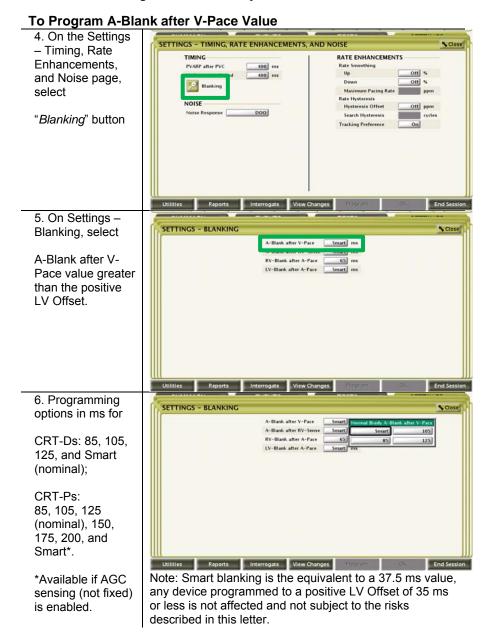
#### Report for devices with LV MSP

The pacing order "RV→LVa→LVb" indicates that RV pacing occurs before LV. Other pacing order values are not subject to the risks described in this letter. Devices with Tracking Preference disabled are not affected and not subject to the risks described in this letter.

rady/CRT			
Normal Settings			
Mode	DDD	Output	
Lower Rate Limit	45 ppm	ΦA	3.5 V @ 0.4 ms
Maximum Tracking Rate	130 ppm	■RV	3.5 V @ 0.4 ms
Paced AV Delay	180 - 180 ms	◆LVa	3.5 V @ 0.4 ms
Sensed AV Delay	120 - 120 ms	♦LVb	3.5 V @ 0.4 ms
A-Refractory (PVARP)	240 - 280 ms	Sensitivity	
RV-Refractory (RVRP)	230 - 250 ms	ΦA	AGC 0.25 m\
LV-Refractory (LVRP)	250 ms	■RV	AGC 0.6 m\
Ventricular Pacing Chamber	BiV	<b>♦LV</b>	AGC 1.0 m\
PVARP after PVC	400 ms	Leads	
LV Protection Period	400 ms	●A	
Blanking		Pace	Bipolar
A-Blank after V-Pace	Smart ms	Sense	Bipolar
A-DIATIK AITEL ITV-SELISE	Smartms	■RV	
RV-Blank after A-Pace	65 ms	Pace	Bipolar
LV-Blank after A-Pace	Smart ms	Sense	Bipolar
Noise Response	DOO	<b>♦LV</b>	
Rate Enhancements		Electrode Configuration	Quadripolar
Rate Smoothing		Pace (LVa)	LVRing2>>RV
Up	Off %	Pace (LVb)	LVTip1>>RV
Down	Off %	Sense	LVTip1>>LVRing2
Rate Hysteresis		LV MultiSite Pacing	
Hysteresis Offset	Off ppm	Pacing Order	RV→LVa→LVb
Tracking Preference	On	RV-LVa Offset	40 ms
		LVa-LVb Offset	0 ms
		Rate Adaptive Pacing	
		Minute Ventilation	Passive
		Accelerometer	Passive

To eliminate the risk associated with early replacement of an affected CRT device for the behavior described in this letter, reprogram the CRT device as follows according to the patient's individual medical needs.

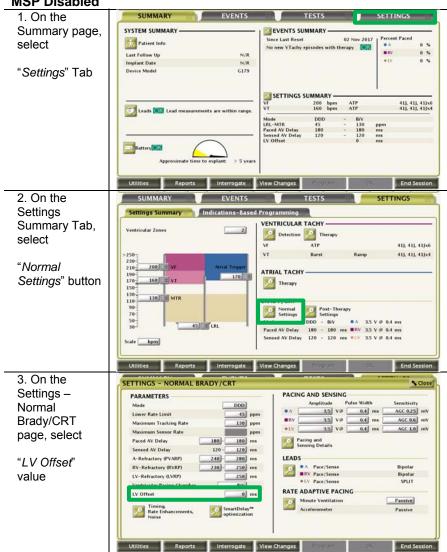




#### **International Technical Services**

To eliminate the risk associated with early replacement of an affected CRT device for the behavior described in this letter, reprogram the CRT device as follows according to the patient's individual medical needs.

# To Program LV Offset Value in Devices without LV MSP or with LV MSP Disabled



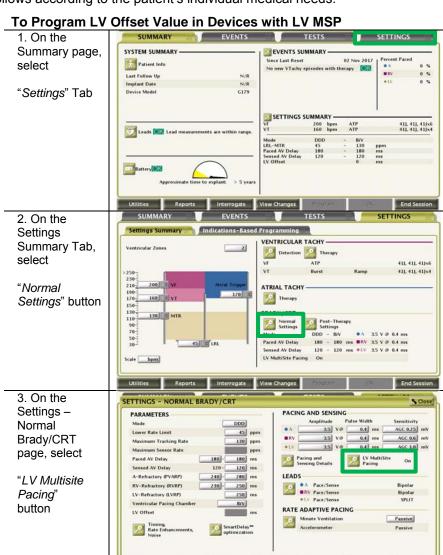
# To Program LV Offset Value in Devices without LV MSP or with LV MSP Disabled

4. Program LV
Offset to zero,
any negative
value, or a
positive value
that is less than
the A-Blank
after V-Pace
value.



Note: Smart blanking is the equivalent to a 37.5 ms value, any device programmed to a positive LV Offset of 35 ms or less is not affected and not subject to the risks described in this letter.

To eliminate the risk associated with early replacement of an affected CRT device for the behavior described in this letter, reprogram the CRT device as follows according to the patient's individual medical needs.



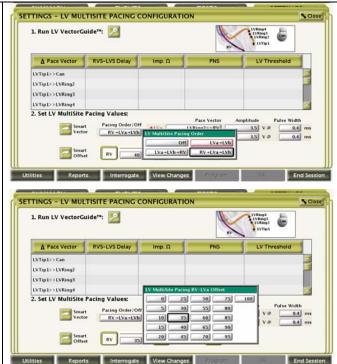
Utilities Reports Interrogate View Changes

To Program LV Offset Value in Devices with LV MSP

4. Program
Pacing Order to
Off\*,
LVa→LVb→RV,
or LVa→LVb

\*If OFF LV MSP is disabled. Use LV MSP Disabled Appendix to program LV Offset.

Or, when Pacing Order is programmed RV→LVa→LVb, program the RV→LVa Offset to a value that is less than the A-Blank after V-Pace value.



Note: Smart blanking is the equivalent to a 37.5 ms value, any device programmed to a RV $\rightarrow$ LVa Offset of 35 ms or less is not affected and not subject to the risks described in this letter.

To eliminate the risk associated with early replacement of an affected CRT device for the behavior described in this letter, reprogram the CRT device as follows according to the patient's individual medical needs.

